

# OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS AND SAFETY NOTES

# CWD2005 SPC





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## 1 Technical data

#### Ex-characteristic acc. to approval

Ex characteristic Ambient temperature:

#### **Gas inlets**

Number of measuring points: Calibration inlets: Gas connections: Relative gas humidity: Inlet temperature gas:

# Class 1, Division 2, Group D (NEC500) $5^{\circ}C \le T_{amb} \le 40^{\circ}C$

1 1, internal through gas bottle Clamp ring connection 6 mm ≤ 95 % condensate free max. 45°C

#### Calibration gas

See operating instructions CWD2005 plus

230 VAC/50Hz or 115 VAC/50Hz

IP65 (protective housing)

1500 VA max.

Т

10 bar

20000 l/h

5 bar

#### **Power supply**

Voltage: Power consumption: Protection class: Degree of protection

#### **Compressed air supply**

max. input pressure min. input pressure Quantity/power:

#### **Ambient conditions**

Operating temperature:5 - 40°CHumidity:0 - 95 % relative humidityAmbient pressure:800 - 1100 hPa (0.8 - 1.1 bar)Storage temperature:-15 - 60°C

3

**RS232** 

0-20 mA

#### Interfaces

Relay: Dig. interface: Analog interfaces:

#### Dimensions

Height: Width: Depth:

2453 mm, with exhaust 1150 mm 626 mm

#### Weight

Weight:

up to 350 kg

Details - See Overall drawing







#### 1.1 System limits and overview

The system comprises:

- a protective housing
  - o purged with compressed air
  - stainless steel as weather protection
- two terminal boxes
- a venting system of the protective housing
- a compressed air supply with filter, controller and manometer
- a combustion calorimeter

List of the important assembly groups, details according to drawing and parts list, see overall drawing.





Fig. 1.1: System overview





Fig. 1.2: System overview, protective housing with combustion calorimeter



# 2 EC declaration of conformity

EC Declaration of Conformity for the combustion calorimeter UNION CWD2005 plus see operating instructions combustion calorimeter CWD2005 Plus.





# 3 Safety notes

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#### 3.1 Warnings and symbols

In the operating instructions, the following names and symbols are used to denote particularly important information:



# 

Potentially hazardous situations that can lead to serious injury or death.



Potentially hazardous situations that can lead to minor physical injury. This can also be used for property damage.



EX	The system is approved according to the approval/limited product certification for use in potentially explosive atmospheres.
	Notices of possibly occurring dangerous situations in potentially explosive atmospheres are marked by this symbol in the operating instructions.



### 3.2 Fundamentals of proper use



The system CWD2005 SPC - protective housing and combustion calorimeter CWD2005 Plus - is a sensor system to determine the calorific value of flammable process gases. The system, is designed as a device with overpressure encapsulation and rinsing by compressed air.

The system is intended according to the marking for use in an EX-zone acc. to NEC Class 1, Division 2, Group D.

Determining the calorific value of gas supports process control in industrial systems.

The system is intended for use in weather-proof areas for stationary mounting and installation and for an external power supply with 230V/50Hz and a compressed air supply.

In the case of toxic and explosive gases, observe the safety instructions at the setup site.

Any other use is considered improper. The manufacturer is not liable for the resulting damage; the associated risk is borne by the installer, fitter, operator or user. Only certified professionals may alter the system (calorimeter and protective cabinet) (mechanical, electrical or pneumatic modifications).



#### 3.3 Personnel and qualifications

Establishing gas connections and working on the electric equipment of the system may only be carried out by specialists adhering to the safety regulations, especially those regarding explosive areas.





# **A** DANGER

Changes to the installation or modules by persons without corresponding authorisation/qualification cause loss of type test approval.



### 3.4 Safety notes

#### 3.4.1 General safety notes



#### 3.4.2 Notes on specific hazards





## 3.4.3 Electrical connection

	<b>DANGER</b>
4	Danger from electrical shock! Only a trained electrician may modify the electrical equipment of the system in accordance with the relevant guidelines!
	When the system has been opened, the parts identified by the adjacent symbol may still be live even when the master switch has been turned off. If necessary, disconnect system from the voltage mains!

<b>L</b> F	NOTE
	Changes to the electric installation by persons without corresponding authorisation/qualification cause loss of type test approval. Only operate relay with functional extra low voltage. Do not connect to the mains power supply.



### 3.4.4 Process gas







# ▲ ATTENTION

The process gas must be free of condensate and dust if the system has no gas preparation system (or gas cooler).



## 3.4.5 Compressed air supply



#### 

Compressed air generates the protective functions against explosions by purging and creating an overpressure!

Establishing compressed air connections and working on the compressed air equipment of the system may only be carried out by specialists adhering to the safety regulations, especially those regarding explosive areas.



#### 3.4.6 Flue gas





#### 3.5 Operator safety precautions



Other safety precautions taken by the operator: @ corresponding chapters!

#### 3.6 Regular operator training





#### 3.7 Workplace hazard analysis



Technical developments can give rise to deviations from these operating instructions. If you require additional information or if particular problems arise that are not fully addressed in this manual, please contact the following address:

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# 4 Safety device system

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#### 4.1 Main switch

Switches the power supply for the protective cabinets and the process gas analyser in the protective cabinet.



Fig. 4.1: Main switch (example)

#### 4.2 Compressed air purged and pressurised encapsulated housing GFK

Components that can cause ignition are installed in a housing that is purged with compressed air. By the purging with air, the concentration of explosive gases remains below the lower explosibility limit. The resulting overpressure prevents the ingression of explosive gas mixed into the housing. Openings of the housing are designed in such a way that transfer of a potential ignition hazard to the outside is prevented.

#### 4.3 Locks and door of the protective cabinet

The purged housing is closed with a door. The door is locked with 8 locks. Operated by a square box key.

#### 4.4 Flame arresters

Flame arresters prevent the propagation of a potential ignition hazard to other system parts.

#### 4.5 Cable / line glands

Cables and lines connected to the housing must ensure tightness in order to enable overpressure by the compressed air purging.

#### 4.6 Pressure switch, pressure too low

De-energises the system as soon as the pressure value falls below 0.8 inWC. Gas inlets are closed.



## 4.7 Markings and warning system



Markings and warnings Fig. 4.2:

- 1.
- Type plate Warnings, purge duration, switching on 2.





Markings and warnings, terminal boxes Fig. 4.3:

- 1.
- Warning note electricity Warning note hot surface 2.



# 5 Connections, transport, setting up

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If it is not transported, set up and started up by Union Instruments GmbH (for example in-house transportation and resale), coordinate the appropriate procedure with Union Instruments GmbH (*The Chapter 12 Service*).



#### **Connections of the system** 5.1



Connections of the system Fig. 5.1:

- 1. Outlet flue gas, compressed air
- 2. Connection of signal lines
- Connection of power supply
   Protective ground connection, multiple points
- 5. Compressed Air Inlet
- 6. Gas inlet, process, calibration, test gas



## 5.1.1 Accessories



# **WARNING**

Risk of injury/defective!

Use of non-approved accessories can cause defects and be hazardous. This will render the warranty null and void. The operator is liable for incurring damage! Observe the Ex approval!

Only use original accessories or accessories that have been approved by Union Instruments GmbH.

### 5.2 Transport



# A WARNING

Risk of injury/defective!

Transport damage can impede the protective function of the protective housing. In case of damage to the transport packaging or indications for improper transport, check the housing thoroughly!



# 

Possible injury from the system tipping over or falling from pallets and load carrying equipment.

- Use suitable hoisting equipment for unpacking and transport!
- Check the load bearing capacity and condition of the slinging equipment and carefully attach it.
- Never stand under suspended loads.



	NOTE
L'é	Shocks during transport can impair the protective housing. Therefore, check system/protective housing after transport for damage!
	In case of damage during transport from improper handling, the carrier should perform a damage report within seven days (railway, post office, freight forwarder).



### 5.3 Ambient conditions



# 

Ambient conditions during storage and set up.

Observe the ambient conditions! Contact Union Instruments GmbH if the system has been stored for more than three months or needs to be operated or stored under ambient conditions other than those specified!

#### 5.3.1 Storage conditions of the system

Freezing condensate water in the system can cause defects. Make sure that the system is free from gas / humidity residue.

Storage temperature: Humidity: Ambient pressure: -15 - 60°C 0 - 95% relative humidity 700 - 1400 hPa (0.7 - 1.4 bar)

### 5.4 Installing and connecting

EX	<ul> <li>Risk of explosion!</li> <li>Danger due to invalid cable glands!</li> <li>If improper cable glands are used, the explosion protection cannot be ensured anymore! <ul> <li>Only use cable glands approved for the required ignition protection type!</li> <li>Observe the technical data when selecting/using cable and line glands!</li> </ul> </li> <li>Danger due to open drilled holes or unused cable glands!</li> <li>If drilled holes are open or cable glands unused, the explosion protection cannot be ensured anymore! <ul> <li>Always close open drilled holes and unused cable glands with approved sealing plugs!</li> <li>Sealing plugs must be inserted with a tool!</li> <li>Observe the technical data when selecting/replacing suitable sealing plugs!</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



#### 5.4.1 Setup site

The installation location of the system must meet the following requirements:

- Observe the requirements acc. to the technical data, especially the ambient conditions and the IP protection type.
- clean room
- protected from direct weather impact and direct sunlight
- Insure a clean, sufficient amount of compressed/ambient air for undistorted measurements
- Ensure that the load-bearing capacity of the environment is sufficient
- Design sufficient space on the sides for mounting and connecting lines
- install according to the requirements of explosion protection marking







### 5.4.2 Attachment

The system is designed for fixed installation on the ground. Provide suitable means of attachment.

Ensure sufficient space for operating, maintenance the system.

Ensure sufficient load-bearing capacity of the environment and the means of attachment.



# 

Danger of injury due to the weight of the system! Weight see technical data! Use measures against falling and suitable hoisting tools!



### 5.4.3 Opening and closing the housing lids/doors

<ul> <li>Risk of explosion!</li> <li>Terminal boxes</li> <li>See operating instructions of the terminal boxes</li> <li>Danger due to damaged seals and sealing surfaces, danger due to improper screw connections!</li> <li>Protective housing of combustion calorimeter</li> <li>See operating instructions protective housing</li> <li>Danger due to damaged seals and sealing surfaces!</li> <li>If seals are damaged seals and the doors closed improperly, the explosion protection cannot be ensured any more!</li> <li>If the doors are improperly locked, the explosion protection cannot be ensured any more!</li> <li>A repair must only be done according to the design specifications of the manufacturer.</li> </ul>

#### **Terminal boxes**

Loosen screws at the housing lid and remove lid carefully. Make sure not to remove/lose the spacer sleeves!

#### **Protective housing**

Observe notes to open the doors - see notes on the housing!

Protective housing is under pressure – Do not open doors before overpressure is relieved!

Observe door locks!



#### 5.4.4 Process gas

EX	<ul> <li>Risk of explosion!</li> <li>Danger due to invalid line glands!</li> <li>If improper line glands are used, the explosion protection cannot be ensured anymore! <ul> <li>Only use line glands approved for the required ignition protection type!</li> <li>Observe the technical data when selecting/using cable and line glands!</li> </ul> </li> <li>Danger due to open drilled holes or unused line glands!</li> <li>If drilled holes are open or cable glands unused, the explosion protection cannot be ensured anymore! <ul> <li>Always close open drilled holes and unused line glands with approved sealing plugs!</li> <li>Observe the technical data when selecting/replacing suitable sealing</li> </ul> </li> </ul>





# ATTENTION

The process gas must be free of condensate and dust if the system has no gas preparation system!



#### 5.4.5 Connection of process and calibration gas

Maximum gas inlet pressure see technical data.

Then connect the process gas inlet with the screw connection and to the housing of the system, see Fig. 5.1.

Screw connections see provided operating instructions.

The inlet for process and calibration gas to the protective housing and combustion calorimeter is already connected.



Fig. 5.2: Terminal block, inlet process and calibration gas

- 1. Calibration gas inlet
- 2. Process gas inlet
- 3. Nozzle block inlet gas

Recommended material for connecting lines is stainless steel, outer diameter  $\emptyset$  6mm.



#### 5.4.6 Compressed air connection

Maximum inlet pressure of compressed air see technical data.

Then connect the process gas inlet with the screw connection and to the housing of the system, see Fig. 5.1.

The inlet for compressed air to the protective housing and combustion calorimeter is already connected.



Fig. 5.3: Purge air, supply and distribution

- 1. Pressure controller, overpressure in protective housing, PCV 1-Air
- 2. Air filter with indicator
- 3. Shut-off valve for compressed air
- 4. Compressed air inlet



#### 5.4.7 Electrical connection

	Danger from electrical shock! Only a trained electrician may modify the electrical equipment of the system in accordance with the relevant guidelines!
	When the system has been opened, the parts identified by the adjacent symbol may still be live even when the master switch has been turned off. If necessary, disconnect system from the voltage mains!

The electric line to the power supply must meet the requirements for operation in potentially explosive atmospheres, e.g. IEC/EN 60079-14, as well as national regulations.

The cable gland must meet the requirements of EX zones and be matched to the cable and the threaded hole in the housing. Observe the operating instructions of the cable glands!

Integrate all blank, not energized metal parts independent of the operating voltage into the protective ground system.

The outer protective ground connection at the system is designed for cable lugs. Avoid loosening of the cable, lay the cable close to the housing.

#### 5.4.8 Electrical interfaces







#### Fig. 5.4: Electric connection system – power supply X16

Assignment see provided wiring diagram! Connect the system via terminals L1, N, PE to the voltage supply according to national/internal regulations.

X16.16.	Connection L1
X16.18.	Connection N1
X16.20.	Connection PE







	Customer		Uı	nion Ins	str.	Cable		Union lı	nstr.	
Relay	X17.2	Relay K1	COM	X17.1	$\sim$	nnG1.1	$\sim$	X14.1	lower row	Process
	X17.4		NO	X17.3	$\sim$	nnG1.2	$\sim$	X14.2		
	X17.6		NC	X17.5	$\sim$	nnG1.3	$\sim$	X14.3		
	X17.8	Relay K2	COM	X17.7	$\sim$	nnG1.4	$\sim$	X14.4		Service request
	X17.10		NO	X17.9	$\sim$	nnG1.5	$\sim$	X14.5		
	X17.12		NC	X17.11	$\sim$	nnG1.6	$\sim$	X14.6		
	X17.14	Relay K3	COM	X17.13	$\sim$	nnG1.7	$\sim$	X14.7		Error
	X17.16		NO	X17.15	$\sim$	nnG1.8	$\sim$	X14.8		
	X17.18		NC	X17.17	$\sim$	nnG1.9	$\sim$	X14.9		
420mA	X17.20	IOut1	+	X17.19	$\sim$	nnG1.10	$\sim$	X5.1	lower row	Wobbe index
outputs	X17.22		-	X17.21	$\sim$	nnG1.11	$\sim$	X5.2		30-60 MJ/m <sup>3</sup>
	X17.24	IOut2	+	X17.23	$\sim$	nnG1.12	$\sim$	X5.3		Calorific value
	X17.26		-	X17.25	$\sim$	nnG1.13	$\sim$	X5.4		30-60 MJ/m <sup>3</sup>
	X17.28	IOut3	+	X17.27	$\sim$	nnG1.14	$\sim$	X5.5		Specific gravity
	X17.30		-	X17.29	$\sim$	nnG1.15	$\sim$	X5.6		0,2 - 2.2
	X17.32	IOut4	+	X17.31	$\sim$	nnG1.16	$\sim$	X5.7		not installed
	X17.34		-	X17.33		nnG1.17	$\sim$	X5.8		

#### Fig. 5.6: Electric connection X17 – Relay K1 – K3, analogue output

	Custon	ner	U	nion Ins	tr.	Cable		Union I	nstr.	
420mA	X17.36	IOut5	+	X17.35	$\sim$		$\sim$	X5.9	upper row	not installed
outputs	X17.38		-	X17.37	$\sim$		$\sim$	X5.10		
	X17.40	IOut6	+	X17.39	$\sim$		$\sim$	X5.11		not installed
	X17.42		-	X17.41	$\sim$		$\sim$	X5.12		
Digital	X17.46	Dig.In 1	DGNDE	X17.43	$\sim$		$\sim$	X3.1	lower row	customer specific use
Inputs	X17.48		E-DI1	X17.45	$\sim$		$\sim$	X3.2		
	[]			[]				[]		
	[]			[]				[]		

#### Fig. 5.7: Electric connection X17 – analogue and digital output, digital input

Assignment ask for wiring diagram. Values and ranges such like Wobbe index, Calorific value are exemplary, real values are customer specific.





# 

Outputs (relay, analog, digital) and inputs must only be operated with safety extralow voltage! Do not connect to mains / supply voltage!

Maximum load of the relay connections 30VDC / 1A.



#### 5.4.9 Operator safety precautions



Install the supply lines in a suitable manner.

#### 5.5 Startup after setup







### 5.6 Documentation







# 6 Commissioning, operation, removing from service

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#### 6.1 Commissioning/start-up



# **ATTENTION**

To establish operational readiness, including of the linked system components, according to the corresponding operating instructions.



Steps	Startup	Turning on
Check whether the ambient conditions ( <i>F Technical Data</i> ) and the EX marking meet the requirements.	Х	Х
Check if the system is attached safely.	Х	
Check that the gas analysis device is suitable for the process gas.	Х	
Check that the process gas is correct.	Х	
Check that the calibration gas is correct.	Х	
Check that the gas connections are correct and tight.	Х	Х
Check the filters (water / fine filter), - check for condensate/dirt.	Х	Х
Establish/switch on the operator energy and media supply.	Х	Х
Switch on / open compressed air, see Fig. 6.1	Х	Х
Purge for 30 minutes	Х	Х
Check overpressure in protective housing, min. 1.0 inWC, see Fig. 6.1.	Х	Х
Turn on the main switch, see Fig. 6.1.	Х	Х
Make sure the linked system components are ready to start.	Х	Х
If the system was only switched off temporarily, production can be resumed!		



Open calibration gas supply when combustion calorimeter is configured with automatic calibration.





### 6.2 Description of the workplaces / operating elements



#### 6.2.1 Workplaces



#### Fig. 6.1: Workplaces

Item No.	Designation	Function / activity
1	Main switch	Switch on/off, de-energises the system
2	Pressure display,	Displays overpressure in protective housing, displays
2	manometer	status
2	Compressed air	opens/closes the compressed air supply, displays pre-
3	inlet	pressure, displays the status of the compressed air filter

### 6.3 Operation





In order to ensure the protection function and automatic analysis operation,

- check the pressure indicator display in the safety range (green range) 1.0 inWC
- check the indicator at the compressed air filter
- adjust the overpressure in the housing using the controller PCV 1-Air

Operation of the combustion calorimeter is described in the provided operating instructions.



## 6.4 Decommissioning / switching off

To remove the system from service, the linked system components must also be removed from service according to their operating instructions.

	NOTE
	The following table contains the steps for decommissioning the analyser for a long period.
	If the system shall only be switched off for a short time, some of the steps are not necessary: <i>• column <u>Turn off</u>!</i>
	At first start-up or before longer downtime, back up the configuration of the system / gas analysis device.
	Let a service technician do the backup or ask Service for special instructions.

Steps	Turn off	Decommi ssioning	
Turn off the main switch.	Х	Х	
Rinse system for 30 minutes – let compressed air be switched on until device has cooled down and no voltage is applied any more	х	х	
Shut compressed air supply	Х	Х	
Disconnect the device from the process, close the line professionally.			
Shut down the linked system components.	Х	Х	
If the system is only to be taken out of service for a short time here!	e, the sequen	ce stops	
If required, disconnect / switch off the operator's energy and media supply and the signal transmission professionally.			
If feasible, pack the system in a suitable way.		Х	



# 7 Maintenance and service

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#### 7.1 Service

When working in the potentially explosive areas, observe the pertinent safety precautions.

The measuring quality of the gas analyser can only be ensured if the service intervals are maintained.

The explosion protection function of the protective housing and the flame arresters can only be ensured if the service intervals are maintained.

### 7.1.1 Preparations

The feed lines to linked system components can be closed for servicing purposes. Once operation has been resumed, they need to be reopened.

	Serious risk of injury from electricity.
	• The parts of the combustion calorimeter identified by the adjacent symbol may still be live even when the main switch has been turned off. If necessary, disconnect combustion calorimeter from the voltage mains!
	• Turn off main switch, disconnect from power supply if necessary and secure against connecting/turning on again!
	<ul> <li>Only a trained electrician may work on the electrical equipment of the combustion calorimeter!</li> </ul>





EX

If the pressure monitoring system is bridged for maintenance/service work, the device can be operated permanently without compressed air purging and overpressure.

There is no protection against explosions!

- Bridging only for service and maintenance work!
- Bridging only by authorised trained staff!
- Use suitable measures /warnings to prevent permanent operation!



Fig. 7.1: Top hat rail X8, Service bridge

Item No.	Designation	Function / activity
1	Service bridge	bridge pressure monitoring system, combustion calorimeter can be used without protection system





#### 7.1.2 Maintenance work/Inspection





# 

Loss of protective function!

The type and degree of wear and tear highly depends on the individual conditions of usage and operation. Thus, all maintenance intervals specified are guide values only.

The following overview only describes the checks/work in regard to the protective housing and the functions for explosion protection.



### Inspection

Interval (recommended)

#### Weekly inspection

Compressed air inlet free	weekly, or when required
Filter for compressed air free	weekly, or when required
Pressure indicator at protective cabinet readable and plausible	weekly, or when required
Flame arrester consistent and not soiled	weekly, or when required
Exhaust system free	weekly, or when required

Quarterly inspection	
Process gas analyser calibrated according to manufacturer's specifications	every 3 months, latest annually or when required

Observe related operating instructions of the combustion calorimeter and other components!

## 7.2 Troubleshooting

	<b>A</b> DANGER
	Loss of protective function!
	<ul> <li>After several short-circuits/ignitions in the protective cabinet, the protective function cannot be ensured anymore!</li> </ul>
	• After resetting/replacing the thermal fuse in the process gas analyser, check the device for proper function!
	<ul> <li>In case of housing damage (protective housing, terminal boxes), check their protective functions and replace!</li> </ul>
	Replace the flame arresters!
	After fire or explosion at the flame arrester.
	• Visible mechanical damage at housing, lid or retaining ring of flame arrester.
	Strong soiling or corrosion of the fire protection.



Ŀŷ	NOTE
	Troubleshooting in the system is divided into the following categories: <ul> <li>insufficient pressure of compressed air</li> </ul>
	For other faults, observe related operating instructions of the process gas analyser and other components!

#### 7.2.1 Preparations

The feed lines to linked system components can be closed for servicing purposes. Once operation has been resumed, they need to be reopened.



#### 7.2.2 Changing/replacing fuses

Fuses may only be exchanged by an electrician or service professional. Choose the type approved by UNION. Specification of the fuses, refer to UNION.



#### 7.2.3 Messages/malfunctions

#### **Display of messages/malfunctions**

Pressure switch triggers, required overpressure not reached

- Check filter of compressed air supply for free flow / dirt
- Check inlet pressure of compressed air supply, see technical data
- Check function of the pressure switch
- Check function of the faceplate in the exhaust air duct system
- Check free flow of compressed air in all concerned lines/connections

#### 7.3 Service



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## 8 Disposal

Following decommissioning, the analyser can be returned to Union Instruments GmbH.

Suggestion: Let Union Instruments GmbH dispose of the combustion calorimeter.



If necessary, purge the gases. E.g. by running a calibration with ambient air. Before disassembly, separate combustion calorimeter from energy supplies!







## 9 Spare parts

# **WARNING**

Use of non-approved spare parts causes loss of the EX approval! This will render the warranty null and void! The operator is liable for incurring damage!



The use of non-approved spare parts (such as parts from other manufacturers, parts with different specifications, replicas of used and wear parts) can cause defects and be hazardous. This will render the warranty null and void. The operator is liable for incurring damage!

When replacing standard components, only use identical components by the original manufacturer. If components are discontinued or components by different manufacturers are used, request the manufacturer approval by Union Instruments GmbH.

Spare parts can be ordered from Union Instruments GmbH:

Identify and write down type, number and designation of the part, order part.





# 10 Annex

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